## Variables: Things that change

Independent Variable	Dependent Variable	Constants	Experimental Group	Control Group
* what is being tested	* what is being observed or measured	* variable that can change, but is kept the <u>same</u>	* a group getting the test	* a group used to compare the experimental
* I change the independent variable	*a response to change	* if not kept the same, the experimental	* not in present in every experiment	group with * not in present in every
* a cause	* an effect	results could be incorrect		experiment

Example: Amy wants to find out if plants grow taller in red clay soil, rock, or potting soil.

IV: <u>Types of planting materials (red clay, rock or potting soil)</u>

DV: <u>Height of plant</u>

Constants: same type of plant, same water, same	sunlight, same measurement procedure, same type of pot.
Experimental Group: <u>red clay &amp; rock</u>	Control Group: potting soil

## 1. Jill wants to find out if a detergent with bleach makes her clothes fade quicker.

IV:	
DV:	
Constants:	

2. Andy thinks that kids who study twenty minutes a night make better grades than kids who study an hour the night before a test.

IV:	
DV:	
Constants:	

## 3. Pam plans to see if a nail rusts quicker in rain water, tap water or pure water.

IV:			
DV:		 	
Consta	ants:	 	